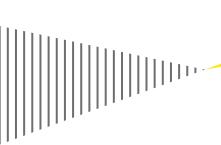
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Cleveland Foundation Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 With Report of Independent Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP





Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

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Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors
The Cleveland Foundation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Cleveland Foundation, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of The Cleveland Foundation at December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its consolidated net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Ernst + Young LLP

September 12, 2018

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

	December 31			
	2017	2016		
Assets				
Cash	\$ 16,326,088	\$ 11,445,493		
Short-term investments	267,539,949	178,887,018		
Investments	2,141,565,949	1,926,789,704		
Other investments	20,184,751	18,635,675		
Property and other assets	7,746,328	4,317,736		
	\$2,453,363,065	\$2,140,075,626		
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Liabilities and net assets				
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and				
payable for unsettled trades	\$ 2,874,602	\$ 15,641,417		
Grants payable	30,610,342	31,762,130		
Organizational funds and other obligations	133,597,191	76,955,526		
Total liabilities	167,082,135	124,359,073		
	, ,			
Net assets:				
Unrestricted:				
For grant-making purposes	4,579,746	4,302,462		
Board-designated:				
Administrative purposes	17,527,609	15,639,816		
Property	913,485	1,071,023		
Total unrestricted	23,020,840	21,013,301		
Temporarily restricted	996,542,766	864,109,202		
Permanently restricted	1,266,717,324	1,130,594,050		
•	2,286,280,930	2,015,716,553		
	\$2,453,363,065	\$2,140,075,626		

See accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statements of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Revenues, gains, and other support	Omestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total
Donor contributions	\$ 153,940	\$ 56,629,655	\$ 9,984,630	\$ 66,768,225
		, ,	\$ 9,904,030	
Dividend and interest income	89,624	34,815,182	_	34,904,806
Net realized and unrealized	(202 420	152 500 024	104 105 510	206.041.062
investment gains	6,202,429	153,700,924	126,137,710	286,041,063
Net assets released from restrictions	113,312,618	(113,312,618)	_	_
Other income	331,172	600,421	934	932,527
Total revenue, gains, and other support	120,089,783	132,433,564	136,123,274	388,646,621
Expenses				
Grants expensed	97,396,952	_	_	97,396,952
Trustee bank and investment				
management fees	5,261,615	_	_	5,261,615
Other expenses	974,711	_	_	974,711
Administrative expenses:				
Program	7,069,840	_	_	7,069,840
Development	5,042,443	_	_	5,042,443
Fund management	2,336,683	_	_	2,336,683
Total administrative expenses	14,448,966	_	_	14,448,966
Total expenses	118,082,244	_	_	118,082,244
-	, ,			, ,
Increase in net assets	2,007,539	132,433,564	136,123,274	270,564,377
Net assets at beginning of year	21,013,301	864,109,202	1,130,594,050	2,015,716,553
Net assets at end of year	\$ 23,020,840	\$ 996,542,766	\$ 1,266,717,324	\$ 2,286,280,930

See accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statements of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Revenues, gains, and other support	Chrestreteu	Restricted	Restricted	10111
Donor contributions	\$ 68,258	\$ 25,453,179	\$ 696,554	\$ 26,217,991
Dividend and interest income	45,321	34,528,066		34,573,387
Net realized and unrealized				
investment gains	5,197,640	67,803,235	36,390,932	109,391,807
Net assets released from restrictions	107,166,439	(107,166,439)	_	_
Other income	85,911	708,761	_	794,672
Total revenue, gains, and other support	112,563,569	21,326,802	37,087,486	170,977,857
Expenses				
Grants expensed	91,670,352	_	_	91,670,352
Trustee bank and investment				
management fees	4,662,702	_	_	4,662,702
Other expenses	552,664	_	_	552,664
Administrative expenses:				
Program	7,112,488	_	_	7,112,488
Development	4,671,134	_	_	4,671,134
Fund management	2,316,255	_	_	2,316,255
Total administrative expenses	14,099,877	_	_	14,099,877
Total expenses	110,985,595	_	-	110,985,595
				_
Increase in net assets	1,577,974	21,326,802	37,087,486	59,992,262
Net assets at beginning of year	19,435,327	842,782,400	1,093,506,564	1,955,724,291
Net assets at end of year	\$ 21,013,301	\$ 864,109,202	\$ 1,130,594,050	\$ 2,015,716,553

See accompanying notes.

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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31		
	2017	2016	
Operating activities			
Increase in net assets	\$ 270,564,377	\$ 59,992,262	
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets			
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation	227,070	232,422	
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	(286,041,063)	(92,121,594)	
Permanently restricted contributions	(9,984,630)	(696,554)	
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(3,586,130)	2,334,896	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable,			
organizational funds and accrued expenses	43,874,850	(27,521,975)	
(Decrease) increase in grants payable	(1,151,788)	3,949,332	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	13,902,686	(53,831,211)	
Investing activities			
Purchases of property and equipment	(69,532)	(53,789)	
Proceeds from sale or maturity of investments	1,363,790,311	934,037,307	
Purchases of investments	(1,382,727,500)	(884,033,799)	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(19,006,721)	49,949,719	
Financing activities			
Permanently restricted contributions	9,984,630	696,554	
Net cash provided by financing activities	9,984,630	696,554	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,880,595	(3,184,938)	
Cash at beginning of year	11,445,493	14,630,431	
Cash at end of year	\$ 16,326,088	\$ 11,445,493	

See accompanying notes.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2017

1. Description and Purpose of The Foundation

The Cleveland Foundation (The Foundation) is a not-for-profit organization established in 1914. The mission statement of The Foundation is "to enhance the lives of all residents of Greater Cleveland, now and for generations to come, by working together with our donors to build community endowment, address needs through grantmaking, and provide leadership on key community issues."

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The Cleveland Foundation (charitable corporation), The Greater Cleveland Foundation, The Cleveland Foundation (community trust approved by Resolutions of Trust), and the following affiliated supporting organizations: The City of Cleveland's Cable Television Minority Arts and Education Fund, The Davis Fund, The Higley Fund, The Billie Howland Steffee Family Fund, Medical Mutual of Ohio Charitable Foundation, Sullivan Scholars Foundation, The Thatcher Family Fund, the Frank Hadley and Cornelia Root Ginn Foundation and the Sally and John Morley Family Fund. The affiliated supporting organizations were established under the provisions of Section 509(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation is responsible for expenditures of these affiliated supporting organizations for specific charitable purposes. All significant interorganizational balances and transactions have been eliminated in the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Internal Revenue Service has ruled that the charitable corporation, The Greater Cleveland Foundation, the community trust, and the affiliated supporting organizations are tax-exempt organizations that are exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially expose The Foundation to concentrations of credit risk include cash and cash equivalents and investments. As a matter of policy, The Foundation only maintains cash balances with financial institutions having a high credit quality. Concentration of credit risk for investments is mitigated by both the distribution of investment funds among asset managers and the overall diversification of managed investment portfolios.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Foundation considers all highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less, excluding amounts limited to use by the Board of Directors or other arrangements, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Short-Term Investments

Short-term investments represent investments with maturities of one year or less, are recorded at fair value, and consist from time to time of money market funds, short-term collective funds, mutual funds, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, short-term corporate bonds, variable rate demand notes, U.S. Treasury bills, and U.S. Treasury or agency notes or bonds with maturities under one year.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments are recorded at fair value.

Realized investment gains or losses are the differences between the carrying value of an investment and net proceeds received on the trade date. Unrealized investment gains or losses are the differences between carrying value and fair value of an investment at each statement of financial position date. These amounts are reported in the consolidated statements of activities as net realized and unrealized investment gains and losses.

Dividend and interest income generated from temporarily or permanently restricted net assets is reported as temporarily restricted until the program restriction is met. Net unrealized and realized investment gains and losses are reported as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted based upon the absence or presence of a restriction of the underlying assets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Organizational Funds

The Foundation acts as fiduciary agent for various not-for-profit organizations. The Foundation's responsibilities as fiduciary agent include, but are not limited to, safeguarding of assets, record-keeping of transactions, investment management, and ensuring appropriate fund distributions. The Foundation's policy as fiduciary agent is to record funds received as an investment and an equal liability. The Foundation, as fiduciary agent, has recorded \$129,078,852 and \$72,687,186 at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, related to organizational funds in investments and an equal liability in organizational funds and other obligations in the consolidated statements of financial position. The Foundation does not include the change in investments and the change in organizational funds in the consolidated statements of activities.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, *Leases*. This ASU requires lessees to recognize assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for leases with lease terms greater than 12 months. The recognition, measurement and presentation of expenses and cash flows 1 from a lease by a lessee primarily will depend on its classification as a finance or operating lease. This amends current guidance that requires only capital leases to be recognized on the lessee balance sheet. ASU 2016-02 will also require additional disclosures on the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The guidance is effective for the Foundation for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 with early adoption permitted. The Foundation is currently evaluating the impact that ASU 2016-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements and will adopt the provisions upon the effective date.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-14, *Presentation of Financial Statements for Not-for-Profit Entities*. This standard intends to make certain improvements to the current reporting requirements for not-for-profit entities. This standard sets forth changes to net asset classification requirements and the information presented about a not-for-profit entity's liquidity, financial performance and cash flows. ASU 2016-14 is effective for the Foundation for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Foundation is currently evaluating the impact that ASU 2016-14 will have on its financial statements and will adopt the provisions upon the effective date.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

3. Unrestricted, Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Unrestricted net assets are assets that have no restrictions, or that arise from the general operations of The Foundation. Temporarily restricted net assets are assets that are restricted by donors or grantors for a specific time period or purpose, which include arts and culture, economic development, education, environment, health, human services, neighborhoods and housing, and philanthropic sector, or for the general support of The Foundation. Temporarily restricted gifts, grants, and bequests are recorded as an addition to temporarily restricted net assets in the period received. Assets restricted by donors or grantors for specific operating purposes are reported in unrestricted revenue, gains, and other support to the extent expended within the period. Permanently restricted net assets consist of amounts held in perpetuity and include stipulations by the donor or grantor that the amounts be invested to provide a permanent source of income to support, as described below, arts and culture, economic development, education, environment, health, human services, neighborhoods and housing, and philanthropic sector, or for the general support of The Foundation.

When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or program restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are transferred to unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets to The Foundation are reported on the consolidated statements of activities as temporarily or permanently restricted contributions at their net realizable value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date assets are received.

The Foundation's endowment consists of more than 500 individual donor-restricted funds established for a variety of purposes. The Foundation believes that these endowment funds are not subject to the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act adopted by the state of Ohio in 2009.

The endowment funds of The Foundation are the portion of The Foundation's temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets that are governed by the resolutions of the trusts establishing The Foundation. The endowment funds are the result of trusts established by donors with the intention that the funds will exist in perpetuity.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

3. Unrestricted, Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets (continued)

Endowment funds are reported in accordance with the stipulations of the governing instruments of The Foundation. Per the governing instruments, the Board of Trustees of The Foundation may distribute 20% of the principal of the donated trust assets over a five-year period. This amount is recognized as temporarily restricted net assets, with the remainder of net assets recognized as permanently restricted net assets.

Return Objectives

The endowment funds are actively managed by four trustee banks in collaboration with the Board of Directors of The Foundation. An Investment Committee comprised of board members and volunteers has established a set of investment policies that guide investment decisions. The Investment Committee is responsible for establishing an asset allocation strategy and monitoring the performance of investment managers. The Investment Committee reports to the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis. The investment policies of The Foundation describe the type of investments that may be employed to achieve the total return objectives identified in the policies.

The long-term return objective is to maintain the purchasing power of The Foundation's investments by earning a return to cover The Foundation's spending policy (for both grants and administrative expenses) and inflation over time. Investment performance is monitored by the Investment Committee against the long-term return objective and a set of standard market benchmark indexes. Actual rates of return may vary from the long-term return objective.

Investment Strategy

The Foundation implements an investment strategy that is diversified among equities, fixed income and alternative investments. The Foundation is diversified not only in terms of asset class, but also by employing a broad number of investment managers that provide diversity in investment styles and approach. The Foundation believes a well-diversified strategy will help the investment portfolio reach its long-term return objective with lower overall investment risk.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

3. Unrestricted, Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets (continued)

Spending Policy

The Foundation has an annual spending policy for grant-making and administrative expense that is based upon the investment return over a longer-term horizon. The intent is to tie spending to investment performance and limit volatility in spending while maintaining the purchasing power of the endowment assets over time. The policy includes a formula that applies a percentage rate to the average market value of the endowment assets for the 12 quarters ending the previous June 30. The Board of Directors approves the rate annually within a range of 4.5% to 5.5% and approved 5.0% for 2017 and 2016.

Changes in endowment net assets are as follows:

	2017				
	Temporarily Restricted	1 0			
Endowment net assets,					
January 1, 2017	\$ 322,277,818	\$ 1,130,594,050	\$ 1,452,871,868		
Investment return:					
Investment income	23,132,371	934	23,133,305		
Net appreciation (realized and					
unrealized)	82,173,675	126,137,710	208,311,385		
Total investment return	105,306,046	126,138,644	231,444,690		
Contributions	_	9,984,630	9,984,630		
Released from restriction	(75,410,592)	_	(75,410,592)		
Endowment net assets,	-				
December 31, 2017	\$ 352,173,272	\$ 1,266,717,324	\$ 1,618,890,596		
			-		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

3. Unrestricted, Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets (continued)

	2016					
	Temporarily Restricted		Permanently Restricted	Total		
Endowment net assets,						
January 1, 2016	\$	315,758,554	\$ 1,093,506,564	\$ 1,409,265,118		
Investment return:						
Investment income		22,138,894	_	22,138,894		
Net appreciation (realized and						
unrealized)		53,164,417	36,390,932	89,555,349		
Total investment return		75,303,311	36,390,932	111,694,243		
Contributions		18,700	696,554	715,254		
Released from restriction		(68,802,747)	_	(68,802,747)		
Endowment net assets,						
December 31, 2016	\$	322,277,818	\$ 1,130,594,050	\$ 1,452,871,868		

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor requires the entity to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. There were no such deficiencies as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

4. Investments

Investments and short-term investments are comprised of the following:

	December 31				
	2017			16	
Short-term investments				_	
(primarily money market					
funds):	\$ 267,539,949	\$ 267,539,949	\$ 178,887,018	\$ 178,887,018	
U.S. government obligations:					
U.S. treasuries	15,978,147		27,106,672		
U.S. government agencies and					
asset-backed	10,773,950	_ 26,752,097	31,481,212	58,587,884	
Bonds:					
Corporate	45,256,676		39,876,118		
Corporate asset-backed					
and other	5,293,139	_ 50,549,815	6,043,221	45,919,339	
Common and preferred stocks:					
Domestic	102,502,741		159,369,889		
International	14,490,138	_ 116,992,879	17,787,059	177,156,948	
Common trust funds:					
Domestic and other equity	169,483,110		148,914,108		
International equity	342,631,861		283,003,817		
Fixed income	15,114,121	527,229,092	14,200,758	446,118,683	
Mutual and exchange-traded					
funds:					
Domestic equity and other	435,624,068		338,161,176		
International equity	174,024,690		105,423,434		
Fixed income	97,449,144	_ 707,097,902	60,335,500	503,920,110	
Alternative investments:					
Absolute return	208,140,024		216,637,569		
Hedged equity	330,184,001		297,587,494		
Private equity	135,757,840		147,003,460		
Real assets	13,593,785		15,984,907		
Other	25,268,514	712,944,164	17,873,310	695,086,740	
Total investments		\$ 2,409,105,898	=	\$ 2,105,676,722	

The primary investment objectives of short-term investments are liquidity and preservation of principal, with a secondary objective of earning a competitive market rate of return.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

4. Investments (continued)

Common trust funds include The Foundation's interest in non-publicly traded, liquid commingled funds. The investment objective for common trust funds is long-term total return equal to or better than market returns.

Alternative investments are comprised principally of limited partnership interests in absolute return, hedged equity, private equity, and real assets funds. The funds' investment managers employ both traditional strategies (long only) in marketable securities and less traditional strategies (long- and short-equity or fixed income, event-driven, macro, relative value, and arbitrage strategies) that may include the use of options, futures, and other derivative instruments.

The investment objective for absolute return funds is long-term capital appreciation with less volatile and/or uncorrelated returns. Absolute return funds include investment strategies where a majority of the underlying securities may or may not be traded on public exchanges. This asset class includes a variety of active strategies, including arbitrage, event-driven, market neutral, long-short equity and distressed investing.

The investment objective for hedged equity is long-term capital appreciation with low volatility. Hedged equity funds include investment strategies where the majority of the underlying securities are traded on public exchanges. Managers in this asset class may hold long or short equity positions and utilize options, futures, and other derivatives.

The investment objective for private equity is long-term capital appreciation in excess of what is available in the public markets. Private equity funds generally hold illiquid debt and equity securities of public and/or privately held companies. This asset class includes venture capital, secondary, mezzanine, buyout, and distressed funds.

The investment objective for real assets is to protect against inflation and increase long-term returns. Real assets include liquid and illiquid investments in funds that own real estate, commodities, oil and gas, inflation-protected fixed income securities, and other assets.

At December 31, 2017, The Foundation has outstanding capital contribution commitments with several alternative investment funds of approximately \$93,044,173.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

4. Investments (continued)

At December 31, 2017, The Foundation's alternative investments are subject to various withdrawal restrictions as follows:

Available for redemption:	
Monthly	\$ 287,581,356
Quarterly	113,357,452
Annually	108,953,377
Subtotal	509,892,185
Subject to distribution	164,533,159
Subject to lock-up provisions:	
One to three years	38,518,820
Total alternative investments	\$ 712,944,164

Investments that are available for redemption may be redeemed by The Foundation generally with 30- to 60-day advance notice on a monthly, quarterly, or annual basis subject to the terms of the investment agreement.

Investments subject to distribution cannot be redeemed by The Foundation but rather will be distributed by the investment fund or limited partnership upon the liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund or limited partnership. Distributions are generally expected, but not guaranteed, over the next three to ten years.

Investments subject to lock-up provisions cannot be redeemed by The Foundation currently. After expiration of the lock-up provisions, the funds may be redeemed by The Foundation on a monthly, quarterly, or annual redemption basis subject to the terms of the investment agreement.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price to sell an asset or transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. It represents an exit price at the measurement date. Market participants are buyers and sellers who are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact in the principal, or most advantageous, market for the asset or liability being measured. Current market conditions, including imbalances between supply and demand, are considered in determining fair value.

The carrying values of cash, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and grants payable are reasonable estimates of fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments. The carrying value of other investments, primarily notes receivable, are reasonable estimates of fair value due to the interest rates on notes receivable approximating current lending rates.

Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity, observable inputs, and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

Fair value for Level 1 is based upon quoted market prices that are comprised of publicly traded securities, registered money markets, and mutual and exchange-traded funds. Investments in securities traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price each day as reported by a recognized pricing service. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at fair value, based on the mean of the most recent bid and ask price and other market information available.

Fair value for non-registered money market funds and common trust funds are valued at net asset value as a practical expedient. Fair value for Level 2 American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) of foreign common and preferred stocks are valued at quoted market prices (adjusted for currency rates).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

Fair value for Level 2 U.S. government obligations and bonds is based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant inputs are observable in the market or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets. Inputs are obtained from various sources, including market participants, dealers, and brokers.

Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Total investments are reflected in the consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	2017	2016
Short-term investments	\$ 267,539,949	\$ 178,887,018
Investments	2,141,565,949	1,926,789,704
Total	\$ 2,409,105,898	\$ 2,105,676,722

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

Total investments subject to fair value measurement, aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy, are as follows:

		Dec	ember 31, 201	7	
	 Total		Level 1		Level 2
Short-term investments (primarily money					
market funds)*	\$ 267,539,949	\$	66,422,842	\$	_
U.S. government obligations	26,752,097		_		26,752,097
Bonds	50,549,815		_		50,549,815
Common and preferred stocks	116,992,879		116,927,429		65,450
Common trust funds*	527,229,092		_		_
Mutual and exchange-traded funds	707,097,902		707,097,902		_
Alternative investments*:					
Absolute return	208,140,024		_		_
Hedged equity	330,184,001		_		_
Private equity	135,757,840		_		_
Real assets	13,593,785		_		_
Other	 25,268,514		_		25,268,514
Total	\$ 2,409,105,898	\$	890,448,173	\$	102,635,876
		Dec	ember 31, 201	6	
	 Total	Dec	eember 31, 201 Level 1	6	Level 2
Short-term investments (primarily money			Level 1		Level 2
market funds)*	\$ 178,887,018	Dec		\$	_
market funds)* U.S. government obligations	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884		Level 1		- 58,587,884
market funds)* U.S. government obligations Bonds	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339		Level 1 101,576,533		58,587,884 45,919,339
market funds)* U.S. government obligations	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339 177,156,948		Level 1		- 58,587,884
market funds)* U.S. government obligations Bonds Common and preferred stocks Common trust funds*	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339		Level 1 101,576,533 - 171,588,881		58,587,884 45,919,339
market funds)* U.S. government obligations Bonds Common and preferred stocks Common trust funds* Mutual and exchange-traded funds	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339 177,156,948		Level 1 101,576,533		58,587,884 45,919,339
market funds)* U.S. government obligations Bonds Common and preferred stocks Common trust funds*	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339 177,156,948 446,118,683		Level 1 101,576,533 - 171,588,881		58,587,884 45,919,339
market funds)* U.S. government obligations Bonds Common and preferred stocks Common trust funds* Mutual and exchange-traded funds	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339 177,156,948 446,118,683		Level 1 101,576,533 - 171,588,881		58,587,884 45,919,339
market funds)* U.S. government obligations Bonds Common and preferred stocks Common trust funds* Mutual and exchange-traded funds Alternative investments*:	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339 177,156,948 446,118,683 503,920,110		Level 1 101,576,533 - 171,588,881		58,587,884 45,919,339
market funds)* U.S. government obligations Bonds Common and preferred stocks Common trust funds* Mutual and exchange-traded funds Alternative investments*: Absolute return	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339 177,156,948 446,118,683 503,920,110 216,637,569		Level 1 101,576,533 - 171,588,881		58,587,884 45,919,339
market funds)* U.S. government obligations Bonds Common and preferred stocks Common trust funds* Mutual and exchange-traded funds Alternative investments*: Absolute return Hedged equity	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339 177,156,948 446,118,683 503,920,110 216,637,569 297,587,494		Level 1 101,576,533 - 171,588,881		58,587,884 45,919,339
market funds)* U.S. government obligations Bonds Common and preferred stocks Common trust funds* Mutual and exchange-traded funds Alternative investments*: Absolute return Hedged equity Private equity	\$ 178,887,018 58,587,884 45,919,339 177,156,948 446,118,683 503,920,110 216,637,569 297,587,494 147,003,460		Level 1 101,576,533 - 171,588,881		58,587,884 45,919,339

^{*} In accordance with ASC Subtopic 820-10, certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants and represent a reasonable estimate of fair value. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments, particularly alternative investments, could result in a different estimate of fair value.

6. Partial Benefit Funds

Partial benefit funds provide, each in varying amounts, payment of annuities to certain individuals, trustees' fees and other expenses of the trusts, prior to payment of the balance of the corpus to The Foundation. The Foundation received income from partial benefit funds of \$10,761,558 and \$11,227,118 in 2017 and 2016, respectively, which is recorded within temporarily restricted dividend and interest income within the consolidated statements of activities. This represented approximately 99% of the income from partial benefit funds in 2017 and 2016. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, the fair value of partial benefit funds included in investments on the consolidated statements of financial position was \$248,969,870 and \$224,411,419, respectively.

7. Contributions

The Foundation receives contributions from various sources. Donor contributions received are recorded on the consolidated statements of activities. Receipts of organizational funds are not included on the consolidated statements of activities, but are reflected in investments and in organizational funds and other obligations in the consolidated statements of financial position. Total contributions received are as follows:

2016

2017

	2017		2010
		_	
Donor contributions	\$ 66,768,225	\$	26,217,991
Organizational funds	45,530,115		10,657,738
	\$ 112,298,340	\$	36,875,729

Donor contributions include approximately \$741,000 and \$955,250 in 2017 and 2016, respectively, received from other foundations and not-for-profits to jointly fund certain grants.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

8. Grants and Distributions

The Board of Directors authorized grants of \$141,016,535 and \$93,595,511 in 2017 and 2016, respectively, and program-related investments of \$1,250,000 and \$0 in 2017 and 2016, respectively. In addition, distributions from organizational funds of \$3,463,348 and \$46,315,862 were made in 2017 and 2016, respectively, and are not included in grants expensed in the consolidated statements of activities.

Unconditional grants are expensed upon approval by the Board of Directors. Conditional grants, which are approved by the Board of Directors and payable upon the performance of specified conditions by the grantees, are expensed when the specified conditions are satisfied.

Changes in grants payable are as follows:

	2017	2016
Grants payable at beginning of year Unconditional grants expensed	\$ 31,762,130 \$ 97,396,952	91,670,352
Payments made	(98,548,740)	(87,721,020)
Grants payable at end of year	\$ 30,610,342 \$	31,762,130

Grants payable at December 31, 2017, are scheduled to be disbursed as follows: 2018 - \$25,710,986, 2019 - \$4,350,046, and 2020 and thereafter - \$549,310. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, total authorized conditional grants were \$1,661,258 and \$6,975,981, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

9. Affiliated Supporting Organizations

The total assets of affiliated supporting organizations included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	December 31		
	2017		2016
The City of Cleveland's Cable Television			
Minority Arts and Education Fund	\$ 4,696,593	\$	4,205,023
The Davis Fund	_		2,259,454
The Higley Fund	37,964,704		33,718,061
The Billie Howland Steffee Family Fund	6,563,551		6,196,166
Medical Mutual of Ohio Charitable Foundation	2,498,032		2,147,388
Sullivan Scholars Foundation	4,292,821		3,858,707
The Thatcher Family Fund	7,522,914		6,287,055
Frank Hadley and Cornelia Root Ginn Foundation	3,105,271		_
Sally and John Morley Family Fund	4,893,431		_
	\$ 71,537,317	\$	58,671,854

The Treu-Mart Fund is a supporting organization of both The Foundation and the Jewish Federation of Cleveland. Financial transactions and account balances of The Treu-Mart Fund are not included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements because The Foundation does not have control over the distribution of The Treu-Mart Fund. Fair value of investments held by The Treu-Mart Fund at December 31, 2017 and 2016, were \$18,671,464 and \$16,435,149, respectively.

10. Other Investments

Other investments of \$20,184,751 and \$18,635,675 in 2017 and 2016, respectively, primarily include program-related investments (notes receivable and investments in limited partnerships that support certain program initiatives). Notes receivable are due at various dates from 2017 through 2025, except for one loan for which the due date is 2033. The loans carry fixed interest rates between 2% and 4%; principal and interest payment arrangements vary by note.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

11. Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses include the following:

Staff expense, including salaries, benefits, and other Office expense, including rent, systems, and supplies Other expense

	2017		2016
\$	10,074,580	\$	9,916,779
Ψ	2,566,125	Ψ	2,381,797
	1,808,261		1,801,301
\$	14,448,966	\$	14,099,877

12. Operating Lease

The Foundation leases office space under a primary operating lease agreement, which expires in 2020. Rental expense was \$1,010,939 and \$946,021 in 2017 and 2016, respectively. Future minimum rental commitments under the non-cancelable primary operating lease at December 31, 2017, are \$912,000 in 2018, \$912,000 in 2019, and \$608,000 in 2020.

13. Retirement Plan

The Foundation has defined contribution retirement plans. The Foundation made contributions based upon specified percentages of salary for all employees. Retirement plan expense was \$658,180 and \$678,572 in 2017 and 2016, respectively. All contributions under the plan are fully vested at the time the contributions are made.

14. Subsequent Events

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, The Foundation evaluated subsequent events through the time the financial statements were available to be issued on September 12, 2018 in compliance with applicable accounting standards. All material subsequent events have been either recognized in the consolidated financial statements or disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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